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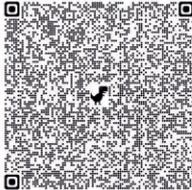
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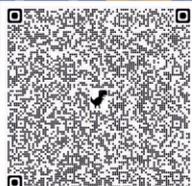
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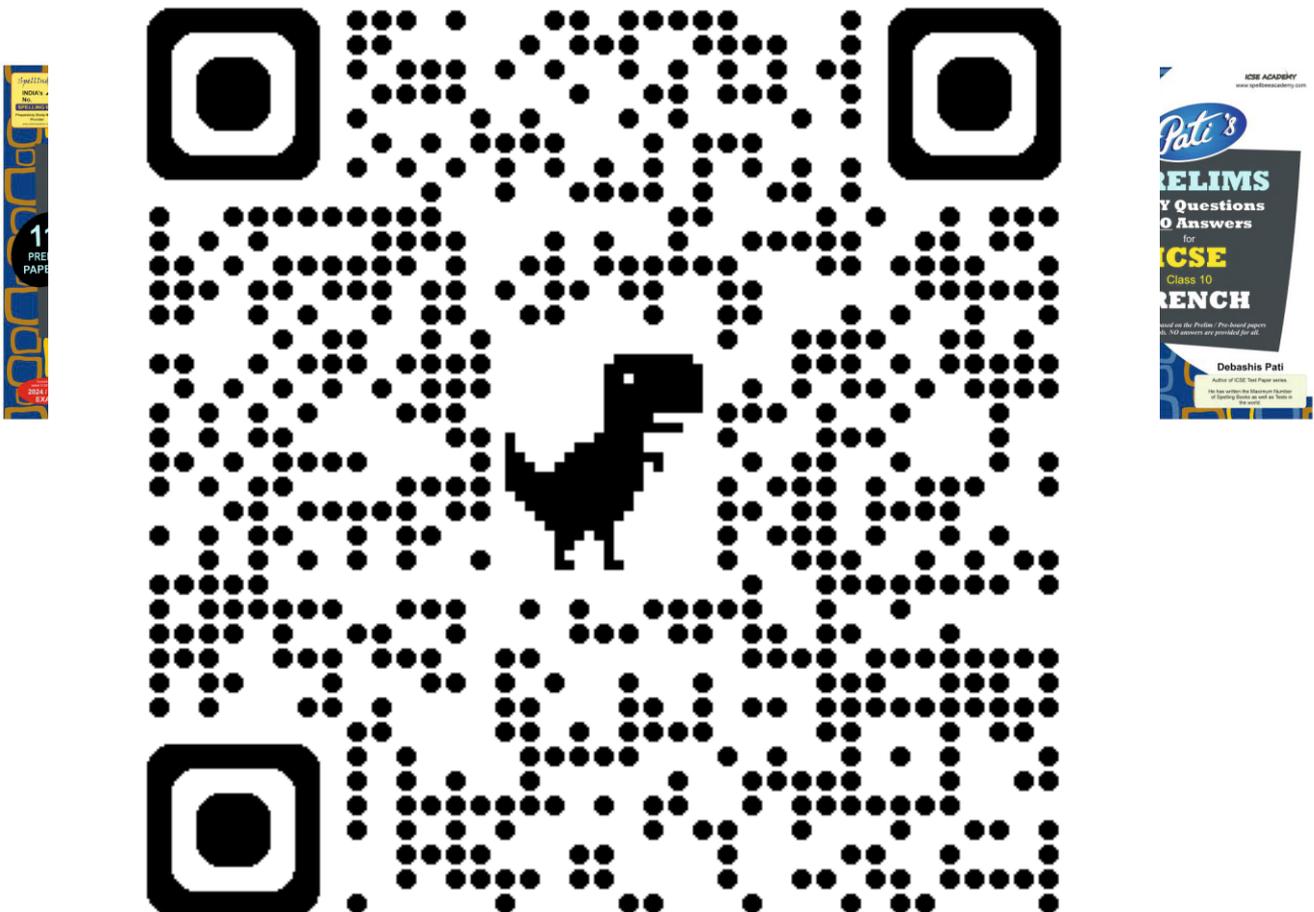
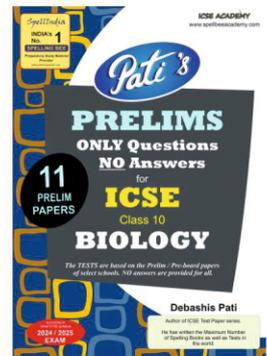
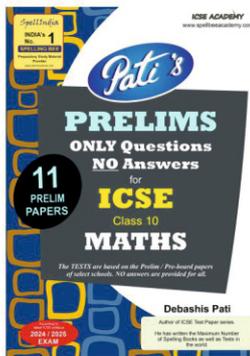
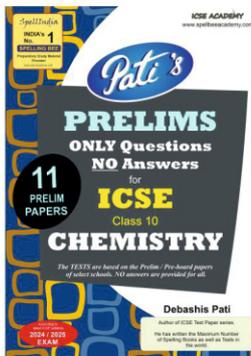
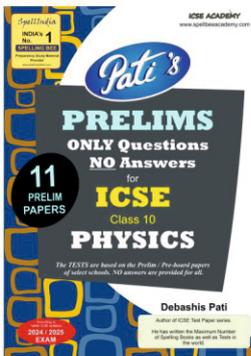
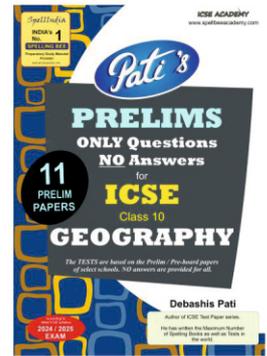
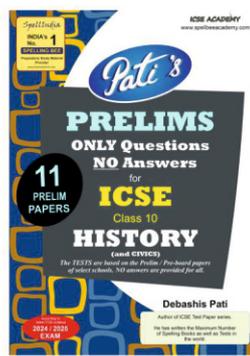
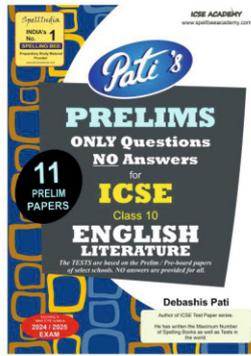
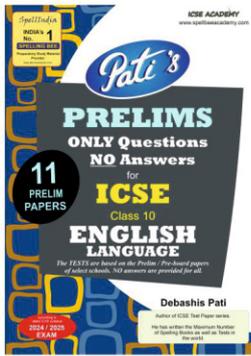
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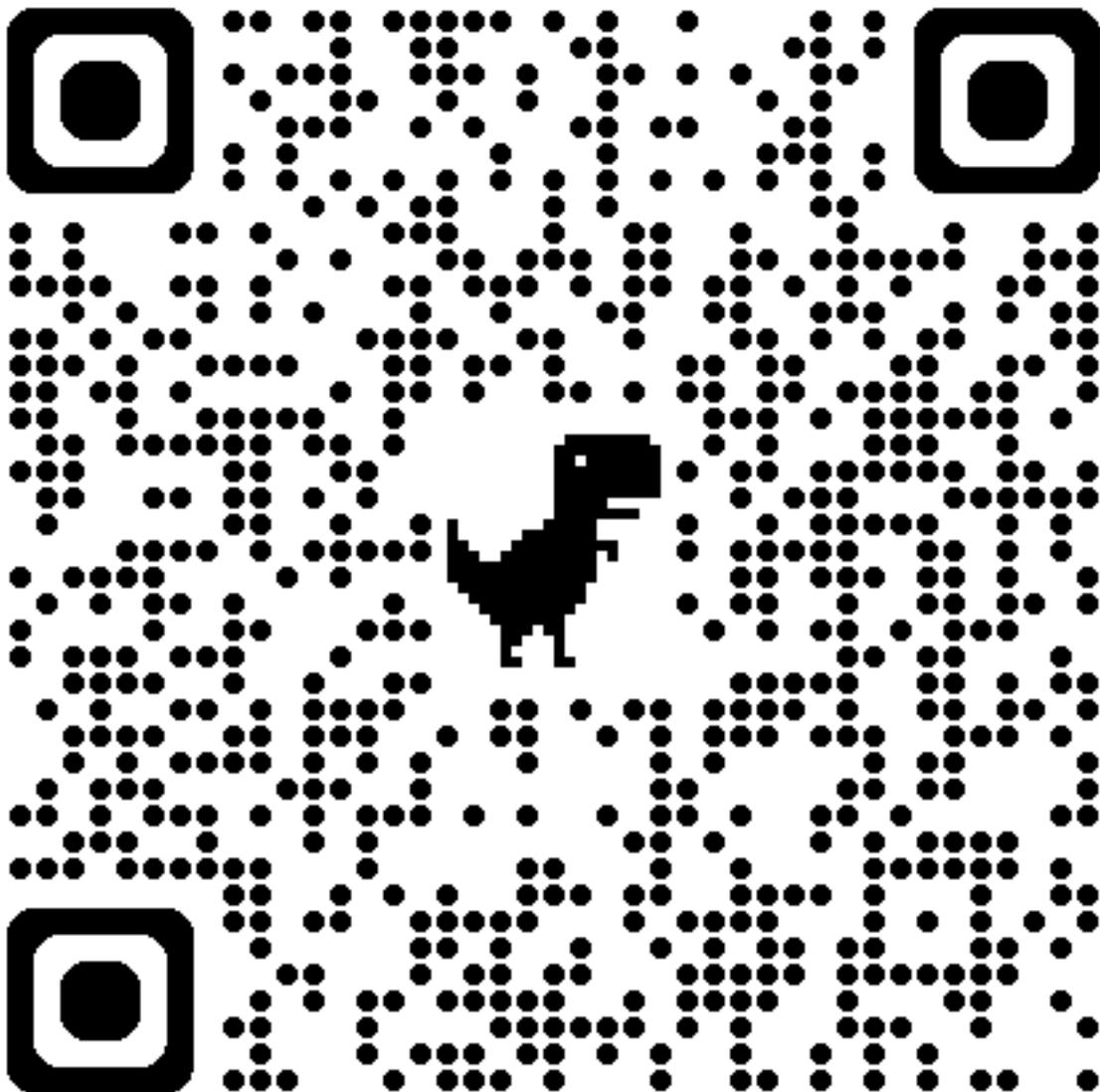
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'Winners' at Spelling Bee championship





KARNATAKA ICSE SCHOOLS ASSOCIATION

ICSE STD, X Preparatory Examination 2026

Subject: ENGLISH LANGUAGE – PAPER 1

- (i) **Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the verb given in brackets. Don't copy the passage but write in correct serial order the word or phrase appropriate to the blank space.** [4]

The power of knowledge is best seen in man's increasing control of the forces of nature. In primitive times man(1)..... (lack) knowledge of nature and(2).....(think) that trees and hills were inhabited by spirits and fairies. He(3).....(believe) in ghosts and goblins. But now man(4).....(fathom) many of the mysteries of nature, and his knowledge(5).....(reflect) in his daily growing power over natural forces. Man no longer(6).....(look) with wonder and fear at a waterfall; he now dams it and(7).....(convert) the waterpower to electric energy that(8).....(irrigate) his fields.

- (ii) **Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions.** [4]

- (a) She apologized to you _____ her mistake.
- (b) Skill comes _____ regular practice.
- (c) The final decision rests _____ the Principal.
- (d) This is the man I was referring _____.
- (e) The guard sat watching over the camp far -----the night.
- (f) We were caught _____ the storm.
- (g) She was born _____ rich parents.
- (h) The cottage industry is threatened ----- ruin because of the rapid industrialization.

- (iii) **Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. Choose the correct option.** [4]

1. **Clear the written test. Only then you will be called for an interview.**

- (a) When you clear the written test, you will be called for an interview.
- (b) After not clearing the written test, you will not be called for an interview.
- (c) As soon as you clear your written test, you will not be called for an interview.
- (d) Unless you clear the written test, you will not be called for an interview.

2. Here is the lady. Her sister is a chess champion.

- (a) Here is the lady, whom sister is a chess champion.
- (b) Here is the lady, whose sister is a chess champion.
- (c) Here is the lady, who's sister is a chess champion.
- (d) Here the lady's sister who is a chess champion.

3. He did not follow protocol. The report said this.

- (a) The report says he does not follow protocol.
- (b) The report said that he did not follow protocol.
- (c) The report claims his not following protocol.
- (d) The report said that he does not follow protocol.

4. It was a steep hill. We had great difficulty in climbing.

- (a) We had great difficulty in climbing a steep hill.
- (b) Climbing off a steep hill was a great difficulty for us.
- (c) It was greatly difficult to climb a steep hill.
- (d) It was a great difficulty in climbing a steep hill.

(iv) Choose the correct option to rewrite the following according to the instructions given after each sentence. [8]

1. You will not get the camera back unless you pay the money. (Begin with: Not until..)

- (a) Not until the money is being paid, will you get the camera back.
- (b) Not until you have paid the money, will you get the camera back.
- (c) Not until the payment of money, you are to get the camera back.
- (d) Not until you pay the money, you shall get the camera back.

2. "Why did I not get a computer before?" thought the manager. (Begin with: The manager wondered ...)

- (a) The manager wondered that why did he not got a computer before.
- (b) The manager wondered he had not got a computer before.
- (c) The manager wondered why he had not got a computer before.
- (d) The manager wondered about the computer he did not get before.

3. He is poor, but he is honest. (Begin with: In spite ...)

- (a) In spite of poverty, he is honest.
- (b) In spite of poor state, he is honest.
- (c) In spite of he is poor, he is honest.
- (d) In spite of being poor, he is honest.

- 4. That roof is not worth repairing. (Begin with: It is pointless ...)**
- (a) It is pointless for that roof to be repaired.
 - (b) It is pointless that roof be prepared.
 - (c) It is pointless if we cannot repair that roof.
 - (d) It is pointless to repair the roof.
- 5. Sumit was driving very fast and could not stop at once. (Use: so..... that)**
- (a) Sumit is driving so fast that he could not stop at once.
 - (b) Sumit was once driving fast so that he could not stop.
 - (c) Sumit drives so fast that he could not stop at once.
 - (d) Sumit was driving so fast that he could not stop at once.
- 6. My dog is too old to learn new tricks. (Begin with: My dog is so old.....)**
- (a) My dog is so old that it cannot learn new tricks.
 - (b) My dog is so old to learn new tricks.
 - (c) My dog is so old for it to learn new tricks.
 - (d) My dog is so old therefore to learn new tricks.
- 7. He was sorry that he had not said goodbye to her. (Begin: He regretted.....)**
- (a) He regretted not having said goodbye to her.
 - (b) He regretted for not saying her goodbye.
 - (c) He regretted he had not saying goodbye to her.
 - (d) He regretted for himself not having said goodbye to her.
- 8. Somebody has switched on the light.**
(End:.....somebody)
- (a) The light is being switched on by somebody.
 - (b) The light has been switched on by somebody.
 - (c) The light will be switched on by somebody.
 - (d) The light shall be switched on by somebody.

Answers

(i)

1. Lacked
2. Thought
3. Believed
4. Fathoms
5. Reflects
6. Looks
7. Converts
8. Irrigates

(ii)

- (a) for (b) with (c) with (d) to(e) through (f) in (g) to (h) with

(iii)

1. (d) Unless you clear the written test, you will not be called for an interview.
2. (b) Here is the lady, whose sister is a chess champion.
3. (b) The report said that he did not follow protocol.
4. (a) We had great difficulty in climbing a steep hill.

(iv)

1. (b) Not until you have paid the money, will you get the camera back.
2. (c) The manager wondered why he had not got a computer before.
3. (a) In spite of poverty, he is honest.
4. (d) It is pointless to repair the roof.
5. (d) Sumit was driving so fast that he could not stop at once.
6. (a) My dog is so old that it cannot learn new tricks.
7. (a) He regretted not having said goodbye to her.
8. (b) The light has been switched on by somebody.

QUESTION PAPER 2

HIRANANDANI FOUNDATION SCHOOL, POWAI
SECOND PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION, JAN 2026
ENGLISH LANGUAGE Paper 1

STD: X

READING TIME: 15 Minutes

WRITING TIME: 2 Hours

DATE: 14/01/2026

MARKS: 80

HFS, Powai

.....6.....

Std. X/Eng.Lang.

Question 5

i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in correct serial order the word or phrase appropriate to the blank spaces. [4]

Example: (0) to believe

It is natural ___ (0) (believe) in great men. If the companions of our childhood should turn out to be heroes, it would not ___ (1) (surprise) us. All mythology ___ (2) (open) with demigods, and the circumstance is high and poetic; that is, their genius is paramount.

Nature ___ (3) (seem) to exist for the excellent. The world ___ (4) (uphold) by the veracity of good men: they ___ (5) (make) the earth wholesome. Those who live with them ___ (6) (find) life glad and nutritious. Life is sweet and tolerable only in our belief in such a society. We call our children and our lands by the names of our heroes. Their names ___ (7) (wrought) into the verbs of language, their works and effigies are in our houses, and every circumstance of the day ___ (8) (be) an anecdote of them.

ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. [4]

- I was amazed ___ her knowledge of French Literature.
- There is no known antidote ___ the poison.
- The organisers are tasked ___ managing the event within its budget.
- He spent the entire week canvassing ___ votes.
- She recoiled ___ the idea of betraying her employer.
- What is the ratio of boys ___ girls in the department?
- I must not trespass ___ your time any longer.
- The answer was staring us ___ the face.

iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. Choose the correct options. [4]

1) The Chief Guest arrived. The band started playing immediately.

- a) Hardly had the Chief Guest arrived than the band started playing.
- b) No sooner did the Chief Guest arrive when the band started playing.
- c) Scarcely did the Chief Guest arrive, than the band started to play.
- d) As soon as the Chief Guest arrived, the band started playing.

2) Rama was present at the ceremony. Her parents were present at the ceremony.

- a) Rama, as well as her parents, were present at the ceremony.
- b) Both Rama and her parents were present at the ceremony.
- c) Rama, as well as her parents, was present at the ceremony.
- d) Rama, as well as her parents, is present at the ceremony.

3) Why are you upset? Did someone scold you?

- a) Are you upset at being scolded by someone?
- b) Are you scolded as you appear upset?
- c) Are you upset being scolded by someone?
- d) Are you upset since you have scolded?

4) A farmer had a hen. The hen laid a golden egg every day.

- a) Everyday, a hen laid a golden egg for a farmer.
- b) A farmer had a hen who laid a golden egg every day.
- c) The farmer had a golden egg every day because he had a hen.
- d) A farmer had a hen which laid a golden egg every day.

Turn over ...

iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct options. [8]

- 1) The rain had been lashing for several hours before people were moved to safety. (Begin: The people...)
 - a) The people were moved to safety when the rain had lashed for several hours.
 - b) The people were moved to safety after the rain had been lashing for several hours.
 - c) The people had been moved to safety after the rain had been lashing for several hours.
 - d) The people were moved to safety before the rain had been lashing for several hours.

- 2) It is never too late to mend. (use: so ___ that)
 - a) It is never so late that it cannot be mended.
 - b) It is never too late so that it cannot be mended.
 - c) It is never so late that it too cannot be mended.
 - d) It is never too late that it cannot be mended.

- 3) "Kevin, I am sorry I lost the novel you lent me last week," I said. (Change to Indirect Speech)
 - a) I apologised to Kevin for losing his novel the previous week.
 - b) I said sorry to Kevin for losing the novel he lent me last week.
 - c) I told Kevin that I was sorry as I had lost the novel he had lent me the previous week.
 - d) I told Kevin that I was sorry as I had lost the novel he lent me the previous week.

Turn over...

- 4) We were very disappointed when Travis Scott's concert was cancelled. (use the noun form of 'cancelled')
- The cancelling of the Travis Scott concert was very disappointing.
 - We were very disappointed with the cancel of the Travis Scott concert.
 - We were very disappointed with the cancellation of the Travis Scott concert.
 - We were very disappointed with the cancelled Travis Scott concert.
- 5) Despite many of his friends voting for him, he failed to be elected. (begin: Notwithstanding....)
- Notwithstanding the fact that many of his friends voted for him, he failed to be elected.
 - Notwithstanding that many of his friends voted for him, he failed to get elected.
 - Notwithstanding the fact many of his friends voted for him, he failed to be elected.
 - Notwithstanding the fact that many of his friends voting for him, he failed to be elected.
- 6) It was thoughtless of him to have left the injured unattended. (Change to exclamatory sentence)
- How thoughtless he is that he left the injured unattended!
 - How thoughtless he was to have left the injured unattended!
 - What thoughtlessness of him to have left the injured unattended!
 - How thoughtless of him to leave the injured unattended!
- 7) This is the prettiest design in the entire collection. (Change to positive degree of comparison)
- No other design in the entire collection is more pretty than this.
 - This is prettier than all other designs in the entire collection.
 - All other designs in the entire collection are not as pretty as this.
 - No other design in the entire collection is as pretty as this.

Turn over ...

- 8) If I had a chance, I would have saved the goal. (Begin: Had.....)
- a) Had I the chance, I would have saved the goal.
 - b) Had I saved the goal with a chance!
 - c) Had I had a chance, I would have saved the goal.
 - d) Had I got the chance, I would have saved the goal.

Answers

(i)

1) surprise 2) opens 3) seems 4) is upheld 5) make
6) find 7) are wrought 8) is

(ii) a) at b) to c) with d) for e) at f) to g) on h) in

(iii)

1) d) 2) c) 3) a) 4) b)

(iv)

1) b) 2) a) 3) a) 4) c) 5) a) 6) b) 7) d) 8) c)



NEW HORIZON PUBLIC SCHOOL
INDIRANAGAR, BANGALORE - 08
SECOND MODEL EXAMINATION-JANUARY 2026
ENGLISH PAPER I
ENGLISH LANGUAGE

(i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage, but write in correct serial order the word or phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example:

One day we (0) _____ (climb) the old hill behind our school.

Answer: (0) climbed

We (1) _____ (decide) to explore a small cave that (2) _____ (hide) behind thick bushes. It (3) _____ (seem) dark and mysterious. Rahul (4) _____ (light) a torch and (5) _____ (lead) the way.

"Be careful," Priya (6) _____ (whisper). "There might be snakes!"

We (7) _____ (creep) in slowly, our eyes (8) _____ (adjust) to the dim light.

(ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words: [4]

(a) The manager was praised _____ his excellent leadership during the crisis.

(b) The children were hiding _____ the large oak tree during the game.

(c) The scientist was fascinated _____ the mysteries of the deep ocean.



(d) She was accused _____ stealing confidential documents from the office.

(e) The hikers set out early _____ the morning to avoid the heat.

(f) The new policy will come _____ effect starting next month.

(g) He has been absent _____ school due to illness for two weeks.

(h) The vase fell _____ the table and broke into pieces.

(iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence **without using and, but or so**. Choose the correct option. [4]

1. The sky darkened. Thunder rumbled in the distance.
 - (a) As the sky darkened, thunder rumbled in the distance.
 - (b) The sky darkened so thunder rumbled in the distance.
 - (c) The sky darkened and thunder rumbled in the distance.
 - (d) The sky darkened yet thunder rumbled in the distance.
2. He overslept. He missed the early train.
 - (a) Missing the early train, he overslept.
 - (b) Since he overslept, he missed the early train.
 - (c) Though he overslept he missed the early train.
 - (d) He overslept and missed the early train.
3. The baby cried loudly. Her mother picked her up.
 - (a) The baby was crying loudly her mother picked her up.
 - (b) Seeing the baby cry loudly, her mother picked her up.
 - (c) Her mother picked her up while the baby cries.
 - (d) The baby cried loudly as her mother picked her up.
4. The alarm rang. Everyone ran out of the building.
 - (a) Everyone ran out of the building while the alarm rang.
 - (b) Everyone had run out because the alarm will ring.



(c) As soon as the alarm rang, everyone ran out of the building.

(d) Everyone ran out although the alarm rings.

(iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each.

Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning.

Choose the correct options.

[8]

1. "I am feeling much better today," said the patient. (Change **the speech**)

(a) The patient said that he feels better that day.

(b) The patient said that he was feeling much better today.

(c) The patient said that he was feeling much better that day.

(d) The patient said he felt much better today.

2. The chef prepared a delicious meal. (**Begin:** A delicious meal...)

(a) A delicious meal was prepared by the chef.

(b) A delicious meal is prepared by the chef.

(c) A delicious meal has been prepared by the chef.

(d) A delicious meal had prepared the chef.

3. He was too proud to admit his mistake. (*Use: so...that'*)

(a) He was so proud that he admitted his mistake.

(b) He was so proud that he could not admit his mistake.

(c) He was so proud that he cannot admit his mistake.

(d) He was so proud to admit his mistake.

4. This is one of the best performances of the year. (**Begin:** Very few...)

(a) Very few performances were as good as this in the year.

(b) Very few performances of the year are as good as this.

(c) Very few of the performances this year were the best.

(d) Very few good performances were seen this year.



5. Riya completed the assignment on time (Add a **Question Tag**)

- (a) Riya completed the assignment on time, didn't she?
- (b) Riya completed the assignment on time, hasn't she?
- (c) Riya completed the assignment on time, doesn't she?
- (d) Riya completed the assignment on time, wasn't she?

6. Unless you submit the form today, your registration will be cancelled.

(**Begin: If...**)

- (a) If you submit the form today, your registration will be cancelled.
- (b) If you submit the form today, your registration will not be cancelled.
- (c) If your registration is cancelled, you will not submit the form today.
- (d) If today you submit the form, registration is cancelled.

7. He is intelligent. He is hardworking. (**Use: 'not only... but also'**)

- (a) Not only he is intelligent but also hardworking.
- (b) He is not only intelligent and also hardworking.
- (c) Not only is he intelligent but also hardworking.
- (d) Not only but also he is intelligent and also hardworking.

8. I prefer tea to coffee. (**Begin: I would rather...**)

- (a) I would rather have coffee than tea.
 - (b) I would rather drink coffee to tea.
 - (c) I would rather have tea than coffee.
 - (d) I would rather prefer tea than coffee
-

Answers

(i)

1. decided 2. was hidden 3. seemed 4. lit 5. led
6. whispered 7. crept 8. adjusting

(ii)

a) for b) behind c) by d) of e) in f) into g) from h) off

(iii)

1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c

(iv)

1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. c 8. c

Bombay Scottish School, Mahim PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Grade : 10
Date : 09.01.2026
Duration : 2 hours

Max. Marks : 80
No. of Questions : 05
No. of Printed sides : 06

- a) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in correct serial order the word or phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example: A grandfather clock _____ [0 - stand] in the corner of the room, its tall wooden frame catching the late-afternoon light.

Answer : 0 - stands

It _____ [1 - tick] faithfully for decades, ever since your grandfather _____ [2 - buy] it on a rainy day in 1964. Sometimes it _____ [3 - chime], sometimes it will fall silent, as if it _____ [4 - remember] the voices and footsteps it once measured. By tomorrow, it will have marked yet another cycle of hours, just as it _____ [5 - do] long before you were born. You _____ [6 - listen] now, wondering how many stories it _____ [7 - tell] long after you _____ [8 - go].

- b) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. [4]

- i) She wrote on the leather couch _____ a pen.
- ii) The soldier laid down his life _____ his country.
- iii) The work on the bridge was done _____ haste.
- iv) You cannot say that _____ offense.
- v) This matter is _____ little importance to him.
- vi) They live _____ the same roof.
- vii) They started clapping _____ the lecture as it was so good.
- viii) The park is located _____ the library and the school.

- c) Join the following sentences without using *and*, *but* or *so*. Choose the correct option :

- i) He seized the sword. He threatened the king. [4]

- a) Seizing the sword, he did threaten the king
- b) Through seizing the sword, he threatened the king
- c) Seizing sword, he threatened the king
- d) Seizing the sword, he threatened the king.

- ii) The clown does tricks. He makes people laugh.

- a) The clown do trick to make people laugh.
- b) The clown does tricks to make people laugh.
- c) The clown does tricks by making people laugh.
- d) The clown does tricks only to make people laugh.

- iii) My cat was hungry. It had not eaten since breakfast.
- a) My cat was hungry because it had not eaten since breakfast.
 - b) My cat had not eaten since breakfast and so was hungry.
 - c) My cat is hungry because it had not eaten since breakfast.
 - d) My cat was hungry because it has not eaten since breakfast.

- iv) A book can be a lot of fun to read. A book can be boring.
- a) Being boring, a book can also be a lot of fun to read.
 - b) A book can not only be a lot of fun to read but also can be boring.
 - c) Besides being boring, the book can also be a lot of fun to read.
 - d) A book can either be a lot of fun to read or it can be boring.

d) Choose the correct option to rewrite the following according to the instructions given after each sentence. [8]

i) The case is so urgent that it cannot be postponed. [Remove 'so']

- a) The case is very urgent we can't postpone it.
- b) The case is too urgent to be postponed.
- c) Being urgent, the case could not have been postponed.
- d) Postponing the urgent case was not possible.

ii) The soup was too salty to drink. [Use 'so...that']

- a) The soup was so salty that we could not drink it.
- b) The soup is so salty that we should not drink it.
- c) The soup so salty cannot be drunk.
- d) The soup is so salty but we can drink it.

iii) The carpenters finished their work for the day and went home. [Begin : Having...]

- a) Having finished their work for their day, the carpenters went home.
- b) Having not finished their work for the day, the carpenters went home.
- c) Having finished their work for the day, they went home.
- d) Having finished their work for the day, the carpenters went home.

- iv) "Please don't wait for me, I may get delayed," Jaya said to me.
[Begin : Jaya...]
- a) Jaya requested me not to wait for her as she might get delayed.
 - b) Jaya told me not to wait for her as she might get delayed.
 - c) Jaya stated not to wait for her as she may get delayed.
 - d) Jaya said to wait not for her as she might get delayed.
- v) Caffeine is as harmful as nicotine. [Use 'more harmful']
- a) Nicotine is more harmful to caffeine.
 - b) Nicotine is more harmful than caffeine.
 - e) Nicotine is not more harmful than caffeine.
 - d) Nicotine is not most harmful than caffeine.
- vi) Sweets were distributed among the workers for Christmas.
[Change to Active Voice]
- a) The workers distributed sweets for Christmas.
 - b) The office distributed sweets to the workers for Christmas.
 - c) They distributed to the workers sweets for Christmas.
 - d) The management distributed sweets among the workers for Christmas.
- vii) If I were a strong man, I would have challenged him. [Begin :
Were...]
- a) Were I not a strong man I would have challenged him.
 - b) Were I a strong man, I would have challenged him.
 - c) Were I been a strong man, I would have challenged him.
 - d) Were I been a strong man, I would not have challenged him.
- viii) She is horrified by her sister's behaviour in public. [Use :
horrifies]
- a) Her sister's behaviour horrifies her in public.
 - b) Her sister's behaviour in public horrifies her.
 - c) Her sister horrifies her with her public behaviour.
 - d) Her sister's behaviour in public horrified her.

Answers

(a)

1. has been ticking 2. bought 3. will chime 4. is remembering

5. has been doing 6. are listening 7. will tell 8. have gone

(b)

i. with ii. for iii. in iv. without v. of vi. under vii. after

viii. between

(c)

i. d ii. b iii. a iv. d

(d)

i. b ii. a iii. d iv. a v. c vi. d vii. b viii. b

The J.B. Petit High School for Girls
Preliminary Examination 2026

Class: 10
Subject: English Language

Time: 2 hours
Max. Marks: 80

- i. Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in correct serial order the word or phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example: (0) reached

By the time Vikram (0) _____ (reach) the old fort, the sun (1) _____ (dip) behind the hills and a thin mist (2) _____ (drift) across the courtyard. He (3) _____ (explore) abandoned places for years now, but nothing had prepared him for how eerie this one felt.

A stray dog suddenly (4) _____ (run) past him, and for a second, he thought someone (5) _____ (follow) him.

Just then, his phone rang. It (6) _____ (be) a call from his cousin, who (7) _____ (warn) him not to go to the fort alone. Vikram (8) _____ (ignore) the advice then but now began to regret it.

- ii. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words [4]
- (a) Nothing beats the feeling of drifting _____ to sleep after a long day.
 - (b) The voices of the singers were drowned _____ by the cheers of the crowd.
 - (c) It does no good to dwell _____ the past.
 - (d) Losing my job was a blessing _____ disguise. It pushed me to start my own business.
 - (e) Vinaya turned _____ the offer as she did not want to move to Delhi.
 - (f) Who came _____ with this idea?
 - (g) Please go _____ your answers before you submit your paper.

(h) I ran _____ Sumit at Churchgate.

iii. Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. Choose the correct option. [4]

1. Ismat was exhausted. She continued working through the night.
- (a) Although Ismat was exhausted, she continued working through the night.
 - (b) Being exhausted, Ismat continued working through the night.
 - (c) Eventhough Ismat was exhausted, she continued with working through the night.
 - (d) Ismat was exhausted however she continued working through the night.

2. Jasmine missed her train. She slept through her alarms.
- (a) Jasmine missed her train on account of she slept through her alarms.
 - (b) Jasmine missed her train therefore she slept through her alarms.
 - (c) Jasmine slept through her alarms so as to miss her train.
 - (d) Jasmine missed her train because she slept through her alarms.

3. Greta finished cooking the pasta. She tasted it immediately.
- (a) No sooner did Greta finish cooking the pasta then she tasted it.
 - (b) No sooner did Greta finish cooking the pasta when she tasted it.
 - (c) No sooner did Greta finish cooking the pasta than she tasted it.
 - (d) No sooner than Greta finished cooking the pasta, she tasted it.

4. Finish your work. You may then leave.
- (a) Whether you finish your work, you may leave.
 - (b) Once you finish your work, you may leave.
 - (c) Finish your work and then you may leave.
 - (d) While you finish your work, you may leave.

iv. Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct option. [8]

1. If she does not apologise, I will not forgive her. (Begin: Unless...)
- (a) Unless she does not apologise, I will not forgive her.
 - (b) Unless she apologises, I will not forgive her.
 - (c) Unless she does not apologise, I will forgive her.
 - (d) Unless she apologises, I will forgive her.
2. As soon as Sarah read the poem, she began to tear up. (Begin: Hardly...)
- (a) Hardly did Sarah read the poem when she began to tear up.
 - (b) Hardly did Sarah read the poem than she began to tear up.
 - (c) Hardly did Sarah read the poem then she began to tear up.
 - (d) Hardly Sarah read the poem and began to tear up.

3. The government decided to combat climate change after poor air quality levels were recorded in the capital. (Rewrite using 'decision'.)
- (a) The government's decision to combat climate change comes after poor air quality levels were recorded in the capital.
 - (b) The government made a decision for combating climate change after the recording of poor air quality levels in the capital.
 - (c) The government took decision to combat climate change after poor air quality levels were recorded in the capital.
 - (d) The government took a decision of combating climate change after poor air quality levels were being recorded in the capital.
4. I am the director of the play. (Add a question tag.)
- (a) I am the director of the play, isn't it?
 - (b) I am the director of the play, am I?
 - (c) I am the director of the play, aren't I?
 - (d) I am the director of the play, wasn't I?
5. "I broke my arm yesterday," said Susan. (Use reported speech.)
- (a) Susan said that she had broken her arm the previous day.
 - (b) Susan said that she broke her arm yesterday.
 - (c) Susan said that she had broken her arm yesterday.
 - (d) Susan said that she broke her arm the previous day.
6. There was chaos all around but she kept laughing away. (Begin: Despite...)
- (a) Despite of the chaos all around, she kept laughing away.
 - (b) Despite there was chaos all around, she kept laughing away.
 - (c) Despite there being chaos all around, she kept laughing away.
 - (d) Despite of there being chaos all around, she kept laughing away.
7. Very few films I have seen are better than this. (Use: 'best')
- (a) This is one of the best film I have seen.
 - (b) This is the best film I have seen.
 - (c) This is one of the best films I have seen.
 - (d) Very few films I have seen are best as this one.
8. The mischievous monkey stole the tourists' sunglasses. (Begin: The tourists' sunglasses...)
- (a) The tourists' sunglasses are stolen by the mischievous monkey.
 - (b) The tourists' sunglasses have been stolen by the mischievous monkey.
 - (c) The tourists' sunglasses were stolen by the mischievous monkey.
 - (d) The tourists' sunglasses stole the mischievous monkey.

Answers

(I)

1. had dipped 2. had drifted 3. had been exploring 4. ran
5. was flowing 6. was 7. had warned 8. had ignored

(ii)

a. off b. out c. on d. in e. down f. up g. through h. into

(iii)

1 a 2 d 3 c 4 b

(iv)

1 b 2 a 3 a/d 4. c 5 a 6 c 7 c 8 c

(i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in the correct serial order the word phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example: (0)

Answer : started

My aunt _____ (0) (start) school, when she _____ (1) (be) eight and _____ (2) (stop) at the same age. She was unusual in her hamlet as she had an uncle who _____ (3) (encourage) her to go to school. She was the only girl in a school of boys and claims she was brighter than the others. But every day she _____ (4) (will) leave behind her sisters _____ (5) (play) at home and she _____ (6) (envy) them. There _____ (7) seem to be no point in _____ (8) (go) to school.

(ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (4)

1. The policeman was relieved _____ his police station.
2. If you look _____ the farm, you will see a church.
3. He reminded me _____ completing my assignment.
4. He looked _____ him as if he were a cheat.
5. I am shocked she fell _____ that trick.
6. NSG was called to deal _____ the riots in Haryana.
7. The web series tried to cater _____ all tastes.
8. The Chairman bestowed the highest honour _____ Mr Sinha.

(iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. (4)

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Do not be rude. Do not be humble. | 3. He is an author. He is a cricketer. |
| (a) Neither be humble not even rude. | (a) He is an author yet a cricketer. |
| (b) Neither rude nor humble be. | (b) He is a cricketer besides he is an author. |
| (c) Do not be rude or humble. | (c) He is both an author and a cricketer. |
| (d) Be rude but not humble. | (d) He is an author nevertheless a cricketer. |
| 2. He must wake up. He will die. | 4. She is mistaken. Her aunt is mistaken. |
| (a) He must wake up, or he will die. | (a) She is either mistaken or her aunt. |
| (b) He must wake up unless he will die. | (b) Either she or her aunt is mistaken. |
| (c) He must wake up if he does not die. | (c) Neither she nor her aunt is mistaken. |
| (d) He will die or he will not wake up. | (d) She is mistaken not her aunt. |

(iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct options. [8]

(1) Sia dressed up and then had her coffee.
(Begin: *After ...*)

- (a) After being ready Sia had her coffee.
- (b) After having dressed up Sia had her coffee.
- (c) After being dressed up Sia had her coffee.
- (d) After getting dressed up Sia had her coffee.

(2) Mrs Sharma was not sure if she could jog so far.
(Use: *doubtful*)

- (a) Mrs Sharma is doubtful if she could jog so far.
- (b) Mrs Sharma was doubtful if she can jog so far.
- (c) Mrs Sharma was doubtful if she could jog so far.
- (d) Mrs Sharma doubted if she can jog so far.

(3) As soon as the Headmistress had seated herself, the program began.
(Begin: *No sooner ...*)

- (a) No sooner the Headmistress has seated herself, the program began.
- (b) No sooner did the Headmistress has seated herself, the program began.
- (c) No sooner the Headmistress had seated herself, the program began.
- (d) No sooner had the Headmistress seated herself than the program began.

(4) It is more than one hundred years since the birth of Gopabandhu.
(Begin: *Gopabandhu ...*)

- (a) Gopabandhu was born more than a hundred year ago.
- (b) Gopabandhu was born more then a hundred years ago.
- (c) Gopabandhu was born more than hundred years before.
- (d) Gopabandhu was borne more than a hundred years ago.

(5) We shall never forget his arrogance.
(Begin: *Shall we...*)

- (a) Shall we never forget his arrogance?
- (b) Shall we never ever forget his arrogance?
- (c) Shall we ever forget his arrogance?
- (d) Shall we ever forgot his arrogance?

(6) We shall go to the garage if you come.
(End: ... *unless you come.*)

- (a) We will go to the garage unless you come.
- (b) We will not go to the garage unless you come.
- (c) To the garage we will not go unless you come.
- (d) We will stop going to the garage unless you come.

(7) In spite of being short, Jyoti runs very fast.
(Begin: *Although ...*)

- (a) Although Jyoti is fast, she is short.
- (b) Although Jyoti run fast, she is short.
- (c) Although Jyoti is short, she runs fast.
- (d) Although Jyoti is short, she must run fast.

(8) Apparently there has been an earthquake in Nepal.
(Begin: *It ...*)

- (a) It appears that there has been an earthquake in Nepal.
- (b) It appears that there had been an earthquake in Nepal.
- (c) It appeared that there has been an earthquake in Nepal.
- (d) It appeared that there had been an earthquake in Nepal.

Answers

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1	was	at	c	d
2	stopped	across	a	c
3	encouraged	about	c	d
4	would	at	b	b
5	playing	for		c
6	envied	with		b
7	seemed	to		c
8	going	upon		a

(i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in the correct serial order the word phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example: (0)

Answer: found

I have _____ (0) (find) you out, he I have _____ (1) (exclaim). There upon, the guards I have _____ (2) (catch) me and I have _____ (3) (throw) me on the floor. They I have _____ (4) (slip) my legs into a loop of rope and I have _____ (5) (beat) my feet with their batons. I cried with pain. I I have _____ (6) (appeal) to them for forgiveness. They I have _____ (7) (laugh) at my pain until I _____ (8) (lose) consciousness.

(ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (4)

1. I need to cut down I have _____ sugar.
2. The boxers grappled _____ each other in the arena.
3. My tractor is always breaking _____.
4. He was told to choose _____ life and honour.
5. He must make _____ some excuse to explain his presence.
6. The anniversary party has been put _____.
7. The Mahanadi revival plan has fallen _____ for want of funds.
8. There are _____ three thousand people in the hall.

(iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. (4)

1. Lead an inactive life. Then you can be unhealthy.
(a) You can be unhealthy only if you lead an inactive life.
(b) Unless you lead an inactive life, you cannot be unhealthy.
(c) Unless you lead an active life, you cannot be unhealthy.
(d) You can't be unhealthy until you are leading an inactive life.
2. James is going to some restaurant. No one knows the restaurant.
(a) No one knew where James is going to.
(b) James is going to some restaurant which nobody knows.
(c) James is going to some restaurant which nobody knew.
(d) James is going to some restaurant as nobody knows him.
3. The ground is slippery. You have to jog carefully.
(a) You have to jog carefully as the ground is slippery.
(b) The ground is slippery hence you jog carefully.
(c) The ground is slippery enough yet you have to jog carefully.
(d) The ground is slippery for you have to jog carefully.

4. He is a druggist. They had driven him out from the town.

- (a) Since he was a druggist, they had to drive him out from the town.
- (b) He is a druggist as they had not driven him out from the town.
- (c) He is a druggist because he was driven out from the town.
- (d) He is a druggist as they had driven him out from the town.

(iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct options. [8]

1. If she apologises, she will be let off.

(Use: *unless*)

- (a) Unless she doesn't apologise, she will not be let off.
- (b) Unless she doesn't apologise, she will be let off.
- (c) Unless she apologises, she will not be let off.
- (d) Unless she apologises, she will be let off.

2. Mumbai is one of the most polluted cities in India.

(Use: *more polluted*)

- (a) Other cities in India are more polluted than Mumbai.
- (b) Other cities in India are not more polluted than Mumbai.
- (c) Mumbai is more polluted than most other cities in India.
- (d) Mumbai is more polluted than other cities in India.

3. "Attack", said the Brigadier to the jawans. "Do not give up."

(Begin: *The Brigadier ordered ...*)

- (a) The Brigadier ordered attack do not give up to the jawans.
- (b) The Brigadier ordered the jawans to attack and not to give up.
- (c) The Brigadier ordered to attack, do not give up to the jawans.
- (d) The Brigadier ordered to attack and not to give up to the jawans.

4. Why should we purchase cookies when we can bake them ourselves?

(Begin: *Rather ...*)

- (a) Rather than purchasing cookies, we can bake them ourselves.
- (b) Rather than to purchase cookies, we can bake them ourselves.
- (c) Rather than purchasing cookies, we should bake them ourselves.
- (d) Rather than purchasing cookies, we will bake them ourselves.

5. Shyam consulted his professor before accepting the job offer.

(Begin: *Shyam did not ...*)

- (a) Shyam did not accept the job offer before he consult his professor.
- (b) Shyam did not accept the job before he consulted his professor.
- (c) Shyam did not accept the job offer before consulting his professor.
- (d) Shyam did not consult his friend before accepting the job professor.

6. If Jamuna feels worse during the night, give her these capsules.

(Begin: *Should ...*)

- (a) Should Jamuna feels worse during the night, give her these capsules.
- (b) Should Jamuna feel worse during the night, give her those capsules.
- (c) Should Jamuna feel worse during the night, give her these capsules.
- (d) Should Jamuna be feeling worse during the night, give her these capsules.

7. Our CM is becoming so absent-minded; she can't go on working much longer.

(End: *... to go on working much longer.*)

- (a) Our CM is getting absent-minded to go on working much longer.
- (b) Our CM is getting too absent-minded to go on working much longer.
- (c) Our CM has got so absent-minded to go on working much longer.
- (d) Our CM is absent-minded to work much longer.

8. A tram collided with a trailer.

(Begin: *There was a collision ...*)

- (a) There was a collision with a tram and a trailer.
- (b) There was a collision of a tram and a trailer.
- (c) There was a collision between a tram and a trailer.
- (d) There was a collision from a bus tram a trailer.

Answers

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1	exclaimed	on	a	c
2	caught	with	b	c
3	threw	down	a	b
4	slipped	between	a	a
5	beat	up		c
6	appealed	off		c
7	laughed	off		b
8	lost	over		c

(i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in the correct serial order the word phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example: (0)

Answer: was

The Vermas rented a two room flat. There _____ (0) (to be) not much furniture because Rajesh hated dusting. His real life was in the university laboratory. Rajesh here _____ (1) (decide) to work for the degree of Master of Science and by 2023 he here _____ (2) (look) for a new topic to research. Very recently, a scientist called Raghava Sundar here _____ (3) (discover) that Trenium salts naturally gave out rays of an unknown type.

The mystery of these rays here _____ (4) (fascinate) Rajesh. What caused them? What could they do? With my encouragement he here _____ (5) (choose) the Trenium rays for his research. He soon here _____ (6) (discover) that the rays given out by Trenium were unique. He here _____ (7) (examine) them in different conditions of temperature, humidity and pressure and nothing seemed to affect them. He compared other elements with Trenium, and found that only one, Stodium, here _____ (8) (give) out similar rays.

(ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (4)

1. The rabbits slowly crawled _____ their burrows.
2. The warship was bound _____ Singapore.
3. The three cousins quarrelled _____ themselves.
4. Sujata took exception _____ your remarks.
5. Earthworms do not feed _____ mulberry leaves.
6. Payal agreed _____ our proposal.
7. Unfortunately Amitabh is deficient _____ common sense.
8. The donkeys subsist _____ the coarsest of food.

(iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. (4)

1. He warned the cadets not to go to the gym. The cadets went last night to the gym.

- (a) In spite of warning the cadets not to go to the gym, they went there last night.
- (b) In spite of warning the cadets not to go to the gym, they went there last night.
- (c) Despite warning the cadets about the gym, they went to the gym last night.
- (d) No sooner did I warn the cadets than they went to the gym last night.

2. You must make your payment online. You will get the delivery of the television after that.

- (a) After you get the delivery of your television, you must make the payment online.

- (b) Unless you make the payment you will not get delivery of the television.
- (c) Make payment online and the television will delivered to you.
- (d) You must make your payment online if you want the delivery of the television.

3. She was very shrewd. He was not able to trick her.

- (a) She was too shrewd for him to trick her.
- (b) She was too shrewd that she tricked him.
- (c) She was not only shrewd but also able to get tricked.
- (d) She was so shrewd that he was not able to trick her.

4. Aurangzeb conquered his enemies. He returned to Aurangabad.

- (a) No sooner did Aurangzeb conquer his enemies then he returned to Aurangabad.
- (b) Hardly had Aurangzeb conquered his enemies when he returned to Aurangabad.
- (c) Not only did Aurangzeb conquer his enemies but also returned to Aurangabad.
- (d) Hardly had Aurangzeb conquered his enemies than he returned to Aurangabad.

(iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct options. [8]

1. The mason is building the outhouse.

(Begin with: *The outhouse ...*)

- a. The outhouse is built by the mason.
- b. The outhouse was built by the mason.
- c. The outhouse is being built by the mason.
- d. The outhouse was being built by the mason.

2. The coach urged them to be quiet and listen to his words.

(Begin with: *The coach said ...*)

- a. The coach said that they must be quiet and listen to his words.
- b. The coach said, "I urge you to be quiet and listen to my words."
- c. The coach said, "I had urged you to be quiet and listen to my words."
- d. The coach said, "Be quiet and listen to my words."

3. The Colonel said, "Bravo! You have done well."

(Rewrite in Indirect Speech)

- a. The Colonel applauded him, saying that he has done well.
- b. The Colonel applauding said that he has done well.
- c. The Colonel said to him that he was brave and has done well.
- d. The Colonel said to him that he was brave to have done well.

4. Her charm is too good to be true.

(Rewrite using: *so ... that*)

- a. Her charm is so good that it is true.
- b. Her charm is so good that it has to be true.
- c. Her charm is so good that it cannot be true.
- d. So true is her charm that it is good.

5. Only a billionaire can afford such extravagance.

(Begin: *None ...*)

- a. None of the men can afford billionaire extravagance.
- b. None of the billionaires can afford such extravagance.
- c. None but a billionaire can afford such extravagance.
- d. None out of the billionaires can afford such extravagance.

6. What is the use of offering water to a man who is dying of hunger?

(Begin: *It is...*)

- a. It is useless to offer water to a man who is dying of hunger.
- b. It is useless offering water to a man who is dying of hunger.
- c. It is useless to have offered water to a man who is dying of hunger.
- d. It is useless to be offering water to a man who is dying of hunger.

7. He educated his maid servant and set up a business for her.

(Rewrite using '*besides*')

- a. He educated his maid servant beside that set up a business for her.
- b. Besides education his maid servant, he also set up a business for her.
- c. Besides education she also got business from her master.
- d. Besides educating his maid servant, he also set up a business for her.

8. Very few students in the college are as intelligent as Sudama.

(Use '*more*')

- a. Sudama is more intelligent than very few students in the college.
- b. Sudama is more intelligent than most students in the college.
- c. Sudama is not more intelligent than most other students in the college.
- d. Sudama is more intelligent than most other students in the college.

Answers

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1	decided	into	a	c
2	looked	for	d	d
3	had discovered	among	d	a
4	fascinated	to	c	c
5	chose	on		c
6	discovered	to		b
7	examined	in		d
8	gave	on		b

(i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in the correct serial order the word phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example: (0)

Answer: was afraid

Little Jasmine here _____ (0) (afraid) of stray cats. One morning, when a street cat _____ (1) (begin) to chase her. Jasmine turned and started here _____ (2) (run). The cat ran after her fast. The only safe place, Jasmine knew, was her home and she ran towards it. Jasmine's mother saw the cat here _____ (3) (chase) her daughter. here _____ (4) (shout) out to her, she said, "Jasmine, stop!" here _____ (5) (hear) her mother's voice, Jasmine slowed down.

"Stop running. Turn and face the cat," her mother ordered.

Such was the magic in her voice, Jasmine here _____ (6) (find) herself turning back and facing the cat. The moment Jasmine stopped running, the cat stopped too. When she turned and faced the cat, it here _____ (7) (slow) down and walked away. Mother said to Jasmine, "Never run away from a situation. Always face it. You will only then be here _____ (8) (victory).

(ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (4)

1. We must allow _____ delays when planning a long distance train trip.
2. We auctioned _____ our property at our native place.
3. The stallion is lame _____ one hind leg.
4. When she loses her temper, it takes ages for her to calm _____ again.
5. Medicines must always be kept _____ from kids.
6. He reminded me _____ our neighbour's help.
7. It is hard for elders to live _____ the pain of a severe illness.
8. The Guptas moved _____ the bungalow as soon as it was ready.

(iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. (4)

1. Anagha sees me watering in the garden. She rushes to help me at once.
(a) No sooner than Anagha sees me watering in the garden, when she rushes to help me.
(b) No sooner does Anagha see me watering in the garden than she rushes to help me at once.
(c) No sooner does Anagha see me watering in the garden that she rushes to help me.
(d) No sooner does Anagha see me watering in the garden when she rushes to help me.

2. It may be a horrible day tomorrow. We will go for the outdoor shooting.

- (a) Although it may be a horrible day tomorrow, we will go for the outdoor shooting.
- (b) Although it might be a horrible day tomorrow, we will not go for the outdoor shooting.
- (c) Although it may be a horrible day tomorrow, we will not be going for the outdoor shooting.
- (d) Although it may be a horrible day tomorrow, we will not go for the outdoor shooting.

3. I will not give in to them. I will not let you pressurise me.

- (a) Neither will I give to them nor will I let you pressurise me.
- (b) Neither will I give in to them nor let you pressurise me.
- (c) Neither would I give in it to them nor would I let you pressurise me.
- (d) Neither will I give in to them nor I will let you pressurise me around.

4. They saw the futility of terrorism. They laid down their arms last month.

- (a) Seeing the futility of terrorism, they had laid down their arms last month.
- (b) Seeing the terrorism being futile, they laid down their arms last month.
- (c) Seeing the futility of terrorism, they will lay down their arms last month.
- (d) Seeing the futility of terrorism, they laid down their arms last month.

(iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct options. [8]

1. Gods are too kind not to forgive our faults.

(Rewrite using *so ... that*)

- (a) Gods are so very kind that they will forgive our faults.
- (b) Gods are so kind that they will forgive our faults.
- (c) Gods are so kind that they may forgive our faults.
- (d) Gods are so kind enough that they will forgive our faults.

2. I had examined his scarred knee and thigh closely.

(Begin: *His ...*)

- (a) His scarred knee and thigh was closely examined by me.
- (b) His scarred knee and thigh had been closely examined by I.
- (c) His scarred knee and thigh have been closely examined by me.
- (d) His scarred knee and thigh had been examined closely by me.

3. He said to the neighbour, "Do you know who lived here before we occupied this apartment?" (Rewrite in the indirect speech.)

- (a) He inquired of the neighbour if he knew who lived here before they occupied that apartment.
- (b) He inquired of the neighbour if he knew who had lived there before they occupied that apartment.
- (c) He inquired of the neighbour if he who lived here before they had occupied that apartment.
- (d) He inquired of the neighbour if he knew who had lived there before they occupied this apartment.

4. Tamil language is the oldest in the world. (Rewrite using the positive degree of the adjective.)

- (a) Very few languages in the world are as old as Tamil.
- (b) No other language in the world is as old as Tamil.
- (c) Tamil is older than any other language in the world.
- (d) Tamil is older than many other languages in the world.

5. Is it any good trying to evade arrest? (Begin: *It ...*)

- (a) It is not good trying to evade arrest.
- (b) It is no good trying to evade arrest.
- (c) It is never good trying to evade arrest.
- (d) It is nothing good trying to evade arrest.

6. Only a little child would pronounce like that. (Begin: *None ...*)

- (a) None other than a little child will pronounce like that.
- (b) None but a little child can pronounce like that.
- (c) None but a little child would pronounce like that.
- (d) None except the little child would pronounce like that.

7. As soon as Geet sees her matron, she runs to hug her. (Begin: *Hardly ...*)

- (a) Hardly does Geet see her matron than she runs to hug her.
- (b) Hardly had Geet seen her matron when she ran to hug her.
- (c) Hardly does Geet see her matron when she runs to hug her.
- (d) Hardly did Geet see her matron when she ran to hug her.

8. She forgot our anniversary. She did not even apologise for it. (Begin: *Not only ...*)

- (a) Not only did she forget our anniversary but also did not apologise for it.
- (b) Not only did she forget our anniversary but also did not even apologise for it.
- (c) Not only did she forgets our anniversary but also did not apologise for it.
- (d) Not only did she forgot our anniversary but also did not apologise for it.

Answers

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1	began	for	b	b
2	running	off	a	d
3	chasing	on	b	b
4	shouting	down	d	b
5	hearing	away		b
6	found	of		c
7	slowed	with		b
8	victorious	into		a

(i) Fill in each of the numbered blanks with the correct form of the word given in brackets. Do not copy the passage but write in the correct serial order the word phrase appropriate to the blank space. [4]

Example : (0)

Answer: went

We usually _____ (0) (go) on long hikes because we _____ (1) (like) to enjoy nature besides _____ (2) (eat) and _____ (3) (be) merry. The hike last autumn was typical. We _____ (4) (forget) the way and _____ (5) (head) straight into a nearby jungle.

A wild boar suddenly came out of nowhere and _____ (6) (appear) before us. The furious animal _____ (7) (gaze) at us naughtily. We _____ (8) (shriek) and ran away from it.

(ii) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (4)

1. Children need heroes to look _____ to.
2. We can do nothing _____ the problem.
3. The boy sat still _____ the night waiting to be called.
4. She was left _____ grave financial problems after her husband's demise.
5. Unjust criticism was levelled _____ the school.
6. The company has taken _____ several small firms.
7. I exchanged Rupees _____ Euros at Zurich airport.
8. A wooden barrier was placed _____ the river.

(iii) Join the following sentences to make one complete sentence without using and, but or so. (4)

1. She went inside the cave. She saw a strange sight.
 - a. After going inside the cave, she saw a strange sight.
 - b. She went inside the cave and she saw a strange sight.
 - c. She went inside the cave to see a strange sight.
 - d. She saw a strange sight so she went inside the cave.
2. Edison was a great scientist. He discovered the theory of creativity.
 - a. Edison was a great scientist so he discovered the theory of creativity.
 - b. Although Edison was a great scientist yet he discovered the theory of creativity.
 - c. Edison, who discovered the theory of creativity, was a great scientist.
 - d. Edison was a scientist that's why he discovered the creativity theory.

3. My uncle fell asleep. He was studying for the GRE test.

- a. My uncle was studying for the GRE test and he fell asleep.
- b. My uncle was studying for the GRE test while he fell asleep.
- c. My uncle fell asleep while studying for the GRE test.
- d. Studying for the GRE test my uncle fell asleep.

4. The banquet hall is large. It can accommodate all of us.

- a. The banquet hall is large enough to accommodate.
- b. The banquet hall is too large to accommodate all of us.
- c. The banquet hall is so large that to accommodate all of us.
- d. The banquet hall is large enough to accommodate all of us.

(iv) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given after each. Make other changes that may be necessary, but do not change the meaning of each sentence. Choose the correct options. [8]

1. No other head girl in the school is as smart as Shrutika.
(Begin: *Shrutika is ...*)

- a. Shrutika is the smart head girl at school.
- b. Shrutika is the head girl who is smart at school.
- c. Shrutika is the smartest head girl at school.
- d. Shrutika is the smartest of all head girls at the school.

2. Somyarvo is successful at work but he is not proud.
(Begin: *Despite ...*)

- a. Despite being successful at work, Somyarvo is not proud.
- b. Despite Somyarvo is successful at work he is proud.
- c. Despite being proud Somyarvo is successful at work.
- d. Despite of his success, Somyarvo is proud.

3. We will not have the barbeque if the Otas cannot join us.
(Begin: *Unless ...*)

- a. Unless the Otas cannot join us, we will not have the barbecue.
- b. Unless the Otas have the barbecue, we will join you.
- c. Unless the Otas join us, we will not have the barbecue.
- d. Not unless the Otas join us, will we have the barbecue.

4. Mr Mohanty is very old, but he is still mentally alert.
(Begin: *Mr Mohanty is still ...*)

- a. Mr Mohanty is still alert, but he is very old.
- b. Mr Mohanty is still alert mentally and he is very old.
- c. Mr Mohanty is still mentally alert though he is very old.
- d. Mr Mohanty is still very old, but he is mentally alert.

5. The barn was very old. It was falling apart.
(Rewrite using '*so ... that ...*')

- a. The barn was too old for falling apart.
- b. The barn was so old that it was falling apart.
- c. The barn was so very old, that it was falling apart.
- d. The barn is too old to fall apart.

6. The scouts succeeded in their attempt.
(End: *... success.*)

- a. How has the scouts' attempt met with success?
- b. The scouts' attempt was so much success.
- c. The scouts' attempt was full of success.
- d. The scouts' attempt was met with success.

7. Tunnel work was called off. It was getting dark.
(Begin: *As.....*)

- a. As it was getting dark, the tunnel work was called off.
- b. As it was called off, the tunnel work was getting dark.
- c. As a result of the tunnel, work was getting dark.
- d. As the tunnel work was called off, it was getting dark.

8. Sunil will not donate money. All the other students will.
(Begin: *Except for ...*)

- a. Except for all students Sunil will make a donation.
- b. Except Sunil all students will donate money.
- c. Except for Sunil all the other students will make a donation.
- d. Except for Sunil all the students will donate money.

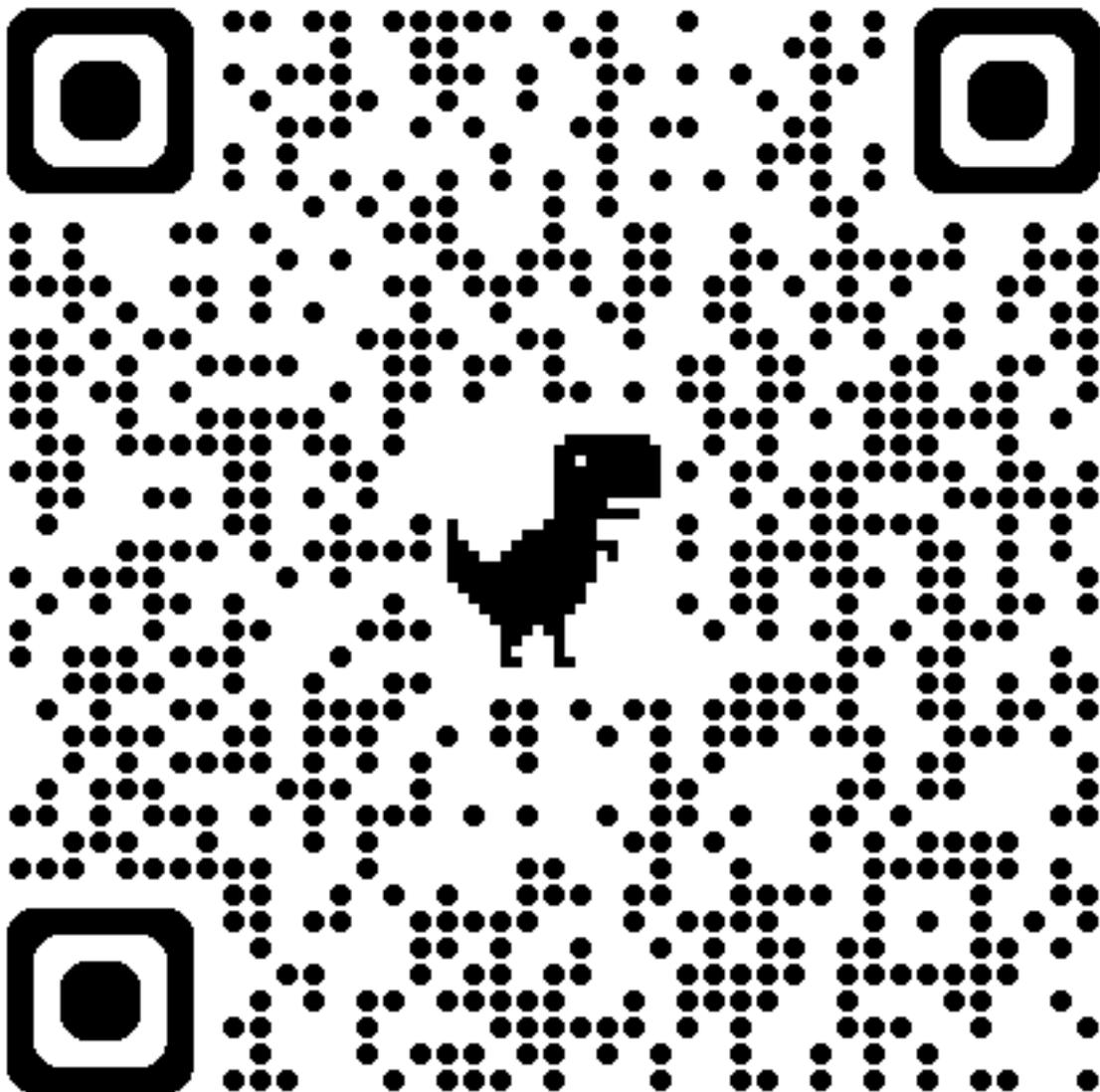
Answers

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
1	like	up	a	d
2	eating	about	c	a
3	being	through	c	c
4	forgot	with	d	c
5	headed	at		b
6	appeared	over		d
7	gazed	for		a
8	shrieked	across		d

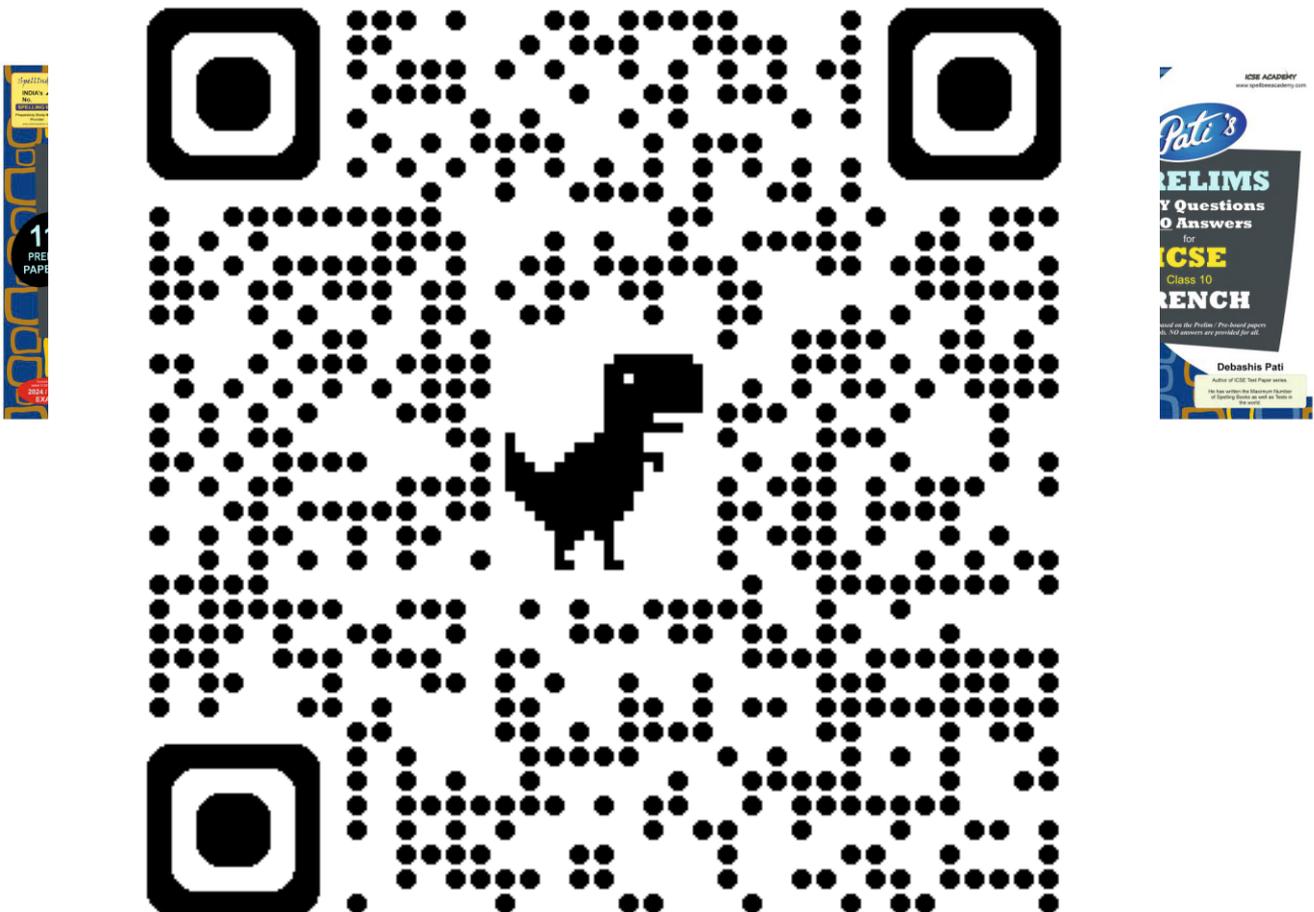
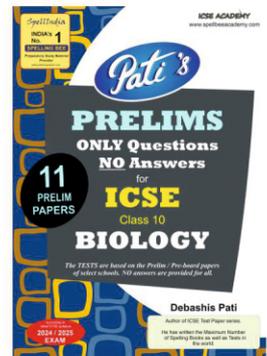
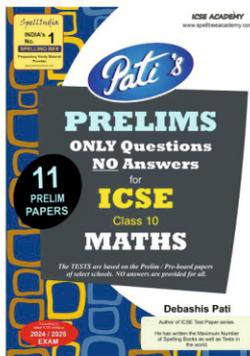
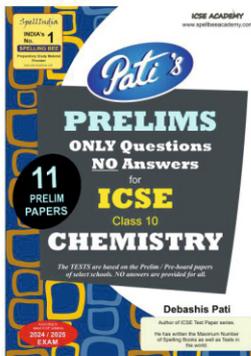
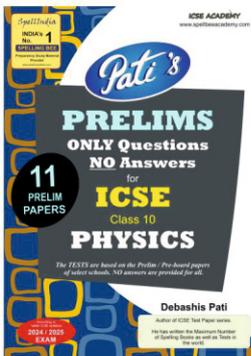
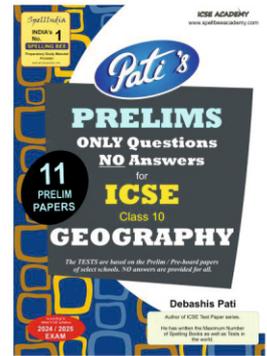
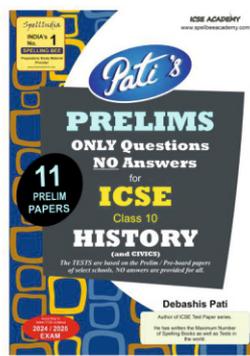
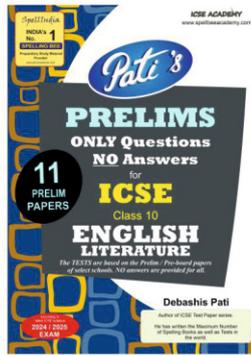
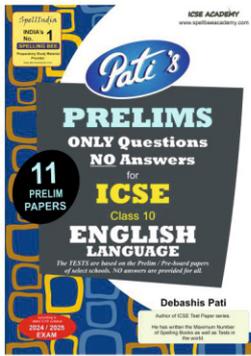
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